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6	Attorneys for ML Manager LLC	
U	IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT	
7	FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA	
8	TORTIL	DISTRICT OF ARGZONA
0	In re	Chapter 11
9	MORTGAGES LTD.,	Case No. 2:08-bk-07465-RJH
10	Debtor.	ML MANAGER'S MOTION (1) FOR ORDER
11	Debtor.	TO ALLOW FILING OF CONFIDENTIAL
12		BACK-UP TO ALLOCATION MODEL UNDER SEAL, (2) TO SET UP PROCEDURE FOR AN IN CAMERA INSPECTION OF
13		CONFIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, AND (3) FOR A PROTECTIVE ORDER
14		TOR ATROTECTIVE ORDER
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16	Diversions to the ashadule set fi	orth by the Court MI Manager has filed its brief and

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PROENIX

Pursuant to the schedule set forth by the Court, ML Manager has filed its brief and detailed explanation of the "Allocation Model" for the assessment of costs and expenses associated with the distributions to the Investors. Significantly, this Allocation Model necessarily includes projections, assumptions and forecasts of revenue that the loans and assets at issue may generate (the "Revenue Assumptions"). Although the Revenue Assumptions are necessary for the Allocation Model, they are confidential and proprietary. At the present time, ML Manager is negotiating with various buyers, borrowers and other third parties for the most favorable disposition of the loans and assets at issue. It would be extremely prejudicial to this process if these Revenue Assumptions and the other confidential information in the Allocation Model were publicly available. It

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would chill offers and otherwise damage the process of attempting to maximize the value of the ML Loans. Moreover, much of the other information regarding costs and expenses is also confidential and proprietary. Accordingly, ML Manager hereby requests that the Court issue an Order (1) allowing ML Manager to file the back-up information and schedules for the Allocation Model (the "Schedules") under seal, (2) setting a procedure for consideration of the Schedules in an *in camera* context, or a non-public forum where only parties with standing to consider the issues are present, and (3) entering an protective Order to protect the distribution and dissemination of all the confidential information in the Schedules. This Motion is supported by the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities and the entire record in this matter.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

In compliance with the Court's scheduling Orders, ML Manager has adopted a specific methodology to allocate all the costs and expenses associated with the management of the ML Loans and the repayment of the Exit Financing (the "Allocation Model"). ML Manager has filed a brief describing in detail the methodology in the Allocation Model, however, the Schedules that support the Allocation Model contain significant confidential and proprietary information that would be extremely prejudicial to the Investors and to ML Manager if it generally known. Accordingly, ML Manager hereby moves for an Order to establish a procedure to allowing the filing of the Schedules under seal, an *in camera* or non-public forum for consideration of the Schedules, and a general Protective Order to protect the confidential nature of the Schedules.

I. THE STANDARD FOR ISSUING PROTECTIVE PROCEDURES

Rule 7026(c), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, made applicable to this dispute by Rule 9014, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, permits any party to seek a protective order. Pursuant to Rule 7026(c), in its protective order the Court may specify all of the terms related to the disclosure of confidential commercial information, including

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the manner, time and place of the disclosure.¹ Fed. R. Bank. P. 7026(c)(G). A party seeking a protective order must show good cause for the issuance of the protective order. Fed. R. Bank. P. 7026(c)(G); *In re Texaco, Inc.*, 84 B.R. 14, 17 (S.D.N.Y. 1988) (party seeking protective order must show good cause for such order); *San Antonio Express-News v. Blackwell (In re Blackwell)*, 263 B.R. 505, 509 (W.D. Tex. 2000) (holding that the court must balance the presumption of openness with the privacy interests of the moving party). To show good cause, the movant must show that it has significant interests in confidentiality that would be harmed by disclosure. *In re Texaco, Inc.*, 84 B.R. at 17 ("In order for a party to sustain its burden for the issuance of a protective order, it must show specifically that it will indeed be harmed by disclosure"); *In re Astri Invest.*, 88 B.R. 730, 735 (D. Md. 1988) (party attempting to overcome presumption of openness must show that a "significant interest" outweighs that presumption).

II. PROTECTIVE PROCEDURES ARE APPROPRIATE IN THIS CASE.

It is almost beyond dispute that public disclosure of the Revenue Assumptions and other confidential information would be unduly prejudicial to the Investors in this case and that no third party or non-Investor can claim a legitimate interest in the way costs and expenses are allocated to the Investors. Significantly, this case has attracted substantial attention in both the Press, the borrower community, and with potential buyers, bidders and others. ML Manager is in the process of soliciting offers for various projects and the interest level in some of these projects is strong. On the other hand, interest in other projects is extremely weak with sometimes only one or two interested buyers. Nevertheless, in both situations, disclosure of Revenue Assumptions could have an extremely prejudicial effect, chilling offers, or discouraging buyers. Moreover, many of

Rule 7026(c) generally requires that a party file a "certification that the movant has in good faith conferred or attempted to confer with other affect parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action." However, ML Manager requests that the Court waive this requirement, as consultation will all affected parties is impracticable if not impossible.

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the existing borrowers have been active in seeking to use any information they can get 1 2 3 4

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against ML Manager and the Investors, whether such use is appropriate or not.² In almost all of these situations, disclosure of the Revenue Assumptions and other confidential information in the Schedules is unnecessary and prejudicial.

ML Manager is not attempting to keep this information from any party with standing and a legitimate interest in the Allocation Model. However, this information should not be available to individuals or parties who do not have a direct stake in the allocation of costs and expenses to Investors.

The procedure the ML Manager proposes is set forth in the Form of Order attached as Exhibit A, which includes as follows:

- ML Manager will file the Schedules or "Confidential Information" under 1. Seal, and provide a Notice generally describing the Confidential Information.
- The Schedules and Confidential Information are only considered in an in 2. camera or non-public forum. A procedure is adopted to allow for objections to the designation of Confidential Information or participation at any hearing considering the Confidential Information.
- A protective order is to be entered mandating the disclosure of the 3. Confidential Information subject to the execution of a Confidentiality Agreement.

Under this Protective Order and Confidentiality Agreement, any Investor or party with standing on the issues presented by the Allocation Model can enter into an Agreement to treat the information in the Schedules as confidential, and receive a bates stamped redacted version of the Schedules. This would include all of the information in the Schedules except for the Revenue Assumptions. ML Manager would also make the

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² A clear example of this is the scandalous, improper and even slanderous letters that have been submitted to the Court and placed on the Docket by Mr. Peloquin, a principal of several of the borrowers and a guarantor of several loans, which are all in default. Providing confidential information relevant only to Investors to such individuals is unnecessary and prejudicial.

1 Revenue Assumptions available for inspection to any Investor or their counsel but given the extremely prejudicial nature of this information, additional copies would not be 2 3 produced. A procedure is also established if there are any objections to identity of parties 4 seeking production of the Confidential Information. 5 III. CONCLUSION ML Manager believes that this is a fair procedure to deal with this issue and 6 requests that the Court issue the Order in the form attached as Exhibit A. 7 8 DATED: September 1, 2010 9 FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C. By /s/ Keith L. Hendricks (012750) 10 Cathy L. Reece Keith L. Hendricks 11 Attorneys for ML Manager LLC 12 COPY of the foregoing emailed to the parties on the ECF service list and the following 13 this 1st day of September, 2010: 14 Tommy D. Crimmins, Trustee or Judith Crimmins, Trustee The Crimmins Family Revocable Trust 15 1021 Sheriff's Posse Tr. 16 Prescott AZ 86303 tdcrim@msn.com 17 Robert J. Miller 18 Bryce A. Suzuki Bryan Cave, LLP 19 One Renaissance Square Two North Central Ave., Suite 2200 20 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-4406 rimiller@bryancave.com 21 bryce.suzuki@bryancave.com 22 Francis P. Surdakowski & Linda M. Surdakowski, Trustees The Surdakowski Family Trust U/T/A 23 14619 N. 14th Dr. Phoenix AZ 85023 24 azheartdoc1@aol.com 25 /s/ Gidget Kelsey-Bacon 26 FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C. 2348246/28149.001

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