1 FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C. Cathy L. Reece (005932) 2 Keith L. Hendricks (012750) 3003 N. Central Ave., Suite 2600 3 Phoenix, Arizona 85012 Telephone: (602) 916-5343 Facsimile: (602) 916-5543 4 Email: creece@fclaw.com 5 Attorneys for ML Manager LLC 6 IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT 7 FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA 8 In re 9

MORTGAGES LTD.,

Debtor.

Chapter 11

Case No. 2:08-bk-07465-RJH

ML MANAGER'S RESPONSE TO THE REV OP GROUP'S MOTION TO COMPEL

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The Rev Op Group filed a motion to compel (the "Motion") seeking to compel ML Manager to produce a privilege log eight days before ML Manager is required to produce any documents under the rules of civil procedure. Although ML Manager was not required to produce any documents until July 15, 2010, in an effort to be reasonable and facilitate a resolution of this matter, ML Manager produced the relevant documents last week. However, a day before the hearing when the parties were preparing for the hearing, the Rev-Op Group then demanded the immediate production of a privilege log. Furthermore, the Rev Op Group failed to reasonably consult with counsel for ML Manager before filing the untimely Motion. For those reasons, ML Manager requests that the Court deny the Motion and award ML Manager its expenses incurred in responding to Motion.

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I. THE REV OP GROUP'S MOTION TO COMPEL IS UNTIMELY

The Motion arises out of the Rev Op Group's allegations that ML Manager failed to respond adequately to its First Requests for Production of Documents ("Requests"). Rule 7034, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure governs requests for production of documents. Rule 7034 rule applies Rule 34, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure to contested

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matters in the Bankruptcy Court. *See* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7034, 9014. Rule 34(b)(2)(A) states the response time for a request for production. Specifically this rule states: "*Time to Respond*. The party to who the request is directed must respond in writing within 30 days after beings served. A shorter or longer time may be stipulated to under Rule 29 or be ordered by the court." Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7034(b)(2)(A). Here there was no stipulation or court order shortening the response time for the Rev Op Group's Requests. Accordingly, ML Manager's response is due thirty days after the Requests were served. The Rev Op Group served the Requests on June 11, 2010 by email. Pursuant to Rule 34, ML Manager's response to the Requests is due on July 15, 2010. Thus, the Motion is untimely as the time because ML Manager's response has not yet run.

However, in the Requests the Rev Op Group sought to unilaterally impose a more stringent deadline on ML Manager. Specifically, the Requests require that ML Manager respond by June 25, 2010, fourteen days after service of the Requests. However, based on the language of Rule 34, the Rev Op Group cannot unilaterally shorten the time for the response to the Requests. If the Rev Op Group desired a response prior to July 15, 2010, it could have issued the discovery request sooner, or petitioned this Court for such relief demonstrating why it neglected to issue a timely discovery request. It did neither. Now, the Rev Op Group is attempting to blame ML Manager for its error.

Despite the untimely nature of the requests, ML Manager attempted to work with the Rev Op Group in responding to the Requests within the deadline unilaterally created by the Rev Op Group. It produced about 6,700 pages of documents. Production of these documents required ML Manager to quickly review thousands of pages of electronic communications and other documents, many of which were subject to attorney-client or other privileges. As such, it is simply incorrect to imply that ML Manager has not been diligent in working with the Rev-Op Group.

II. THE REV OP GROUP FAILED TO REASONABLY CONSULT WITH ML MANAGER

Additionally, the Motion is improper because it failed to reasonably consult with

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counsel for ML Manager. Exhibit C to the Motion is the Rev Op Group's counsel's certificate that he has made "sincere efforts" to consult with counsel for ML Manager to resolve the discovery dispute. Presumably, counsel for the Rev Op Group is referring to the one email he sent on July 5, 2010 (a federal holiday) to counsel for ML Manager. A copy of Counsel's email is attached as Exhibit A. In that email, counsel imposed a deadline of 10:00 a.m. the next day to resolve this dispute. No other action was taken to consult with counsel for ML Manager regarding this dispute. These minimal efforts are insufficient to demonstrate the good faith attempts that are required by Rule 7037, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

III. $\frac{\text{ML MANAGER IS ENTITLED TO ITS FEES IN RESPONDING TO THIS}}{\text{MOTION}}$

As noted above, the Motion was unjustified as the time for response has not yet passed. Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7034(b)(2)(A). Rule 7037(a)(5)(B), Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, requires the Court to award reasonable expenses to the responding party if the motion to compel is denied. Accordingly, ML Manager requests an award of fees in responding to this untimely Motion.

IV. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

The Motion is premature and untimely and an unsubstantiated attempt to blame ML Manager for the Rev Op Group's tactical errors. Accordingly, it must be denied.

By

DATED: July 6, 2010

FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C.

Cathy L. Reece

Keith L. Hendricks

Attorneys for ML Manager LLC

/s/ Keith L. Hendricks

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Robert J. Miller rjmiller@bryancave.com Bryce a Suzuki bryce.suzuki@bryancave.com

COPY emailed this 6th day of July, 2010, to:

FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C.

FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C.

Bryan Cave LLP Suite 2200 Two N. Central Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85004 Attorneys for the Rev Op Group

/s/ L. Carol Smith

PHOENIX